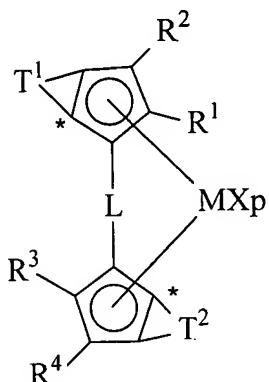


AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (currently amended) A process for preparing isotactic-1-butene copolymers comprising contacting 1-butene and at least one alpha olefin of formula $\text{CH}_2=\text{CHZ}$, wherein Z is a C₃-C₂₀ hydrocarbon group under polymerization conditions, in the presence of a catalyst system obtained by contacting:

a) at least a metallocene compound of formula (I) in the racemic form:



wherein

M is a transition metal belonging to group 3, 4, 5, 6 or to the lanthanide or actinide groups in the Periodic Table of the Elements;

p is an integer from 0 to 3, being equal to the formal oxidation state of the metal M minus 2;

X, equal to or different from each other, are hydrogen atoms, halogen atoms, or R, OR, OSO₂CF₃, OCOR, SR, NR₂ or PR₂ groups, wherein R is a linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated C₁-C₂₀ alkyl, C₃-C₂₀ cycloalkyl, C₆-C₂₀ aryl, C₇-C₂₀ alkylaryl or C₇-C₂₀ arylalkyl radical, optionally containing heteroatoms belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements; or two X can optionally form a substituted or unsubstituted butadienyl radical or a OR'O group wherein R' is a divalent radical selected from C₁-C₂₀ alkylidene, C₆-C₄₀ arylidene, C₇-C₄₀ alkylarylidene and C₇-C₄₀ arylalkylidene radicals;

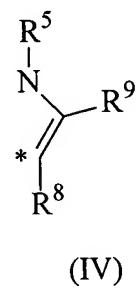
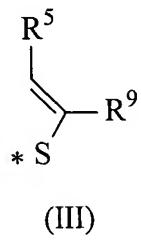
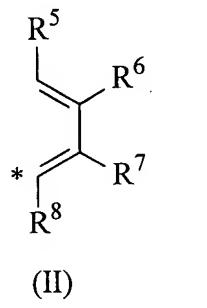
L is a divalent bridging group selected from C₁-C₂₀ alkylidene, C₃-C₂₀ cycloalkylidene, C₆-C₂₀ arylidene, C₇-C₂₀ alkylarylidene, and C₇-C₂₀ arylalkylidene radicals optionally

containing heteroatoms belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements, and silylidene radical containing up to 5 silicon atoms;

R¹ and R³, equal to or different from each other, are linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated C₁-C₂₀ alkyl, C₃-C₂₀ cycloalkyl, C₆-C₂₀ aryl, C₇-C₂₀ alkylaryl or C₇-C₂₀ arylalkyl radicals, optionally containing heteroatoms belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements;

R² and R⁴, equal to or different from each other, are hydrogen atoms or linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated C₁-C₂₀ alkyl, C₃-C₂₀ cycloalkyl, C₆-C₂₀ aryl, C₇-C₂₀ alkylaryl or C₇-C₂₀ arylalkyl radicals, optionally containing heteroatoms belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements;

T¹ and T², equal to or different from each other are a moiety of formula (II), (III) or (IV):



wherein the atom marked with the * is bound to the atom marked with the same symbol bonds in formula (I);

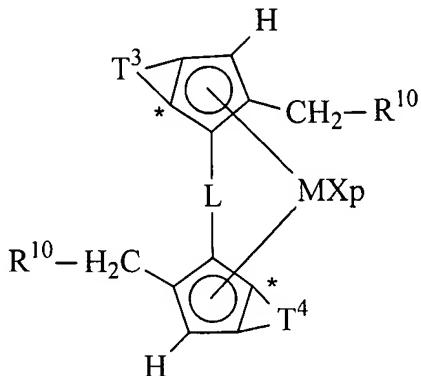
R⁵, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸ and R⁹, equal to or different from each other, are hydrogen atoms, or a linear or branched saturated or unsaturated C₁-C₂₀-alkyl, C₃-C₂₀-cycloalkyl, C₆-C₄₀-aryl, C₇-C₄₀-alkylaryl, C₇-C₄₀-arylalkyl radicals, optionally containing heteroatoms belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements;

R⁶ and R⁷ can also join to form a saturated or unsaturated condensed 5 to 7 membered ring optionally containing heteroatoms belonging to groups 13-16 of the Periodic Table of the Elements; and

- b) at least an alumoxane or a compound that forms an alkylmetallocene cation,
wherein the 1-butene copolymers are isotactic and comprise an alpha olefin content of the
isotactic 1-butene copolymer is at most 30% by mol.

- 2 (previously presented) The process according to claim 1 wherein the catalyst system further comprises an organo aluminum compound.

- 3 (previously presented) The process according to claim 1 wherein in the compound of formula (I), M is titanium, zirconium or hafnium; X is a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom or a R group; L is selected from the group consisting of Si(CH₃)₂, SiPh₂, SiPhMe, SiMe(SiMe₃), CH₂, (CH₂)₂, (CH₂)₃ and C(CH₃)₂ and R⁹ is a hydrogen atom or a linear or branched saturated or unsaturated C₁-C₂₀-alkyl radical.
- 4 (previously presented) The process according to claim 1 wherein the metallocene compound has formula (V):

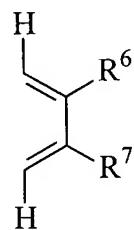


(V)

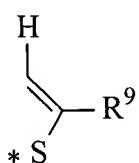
wherein

R¹⁰, equal to or different from each other, are hydrogen atoms, or linear or branched saturated or unsaturated C₁-C₁₉-alkyl, C₃-C₁₉-cycloalkyl, C₆-C₁₉-aryl, C₇-C₁₉-alkylaryl, C₇-C₁₉-arylalkyl radicals, optionally containing heteroatoms belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements;

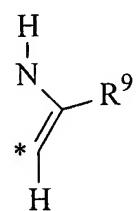
T³ and T⁴, equal to or different from each other are moieties of formula (Va), (Vb) or (Vc):



(Va)



(Vb)

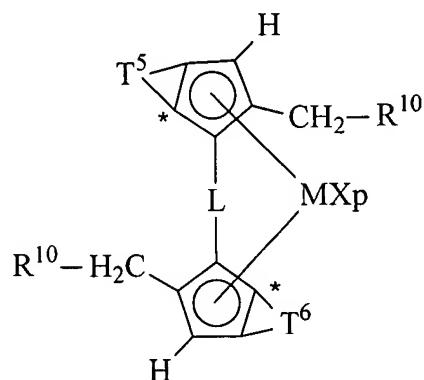


(Vc)

wherein the atom marked with the symbol * is bound to the atom marked with the same symbol in formula (V).

5 (previously presented) The process according to claim 4 wherein in the compound of formula (V), R¹⁰ is a hydrogen atom or a C₁-C₁₉-alkyl radical; R⁶, R⁷ are hydrogen atoms or linear or branched saturated or unsaturated C₁-C₂₀-alkyl radicals, or they form a saturated or unsaturated 5 or 6 membered ring optionally containing heteroatoms belonging to groups 13-16 of the Periodic Table of the Elements; and R⁹ is a linear or branched saturated or unsaturated C₁-C₂₀-alkyl radical.

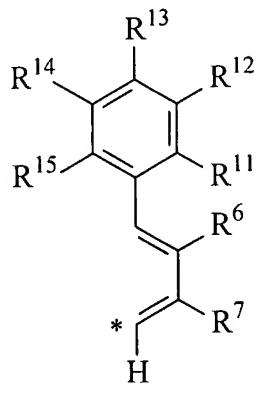
6 (previously presented) The process according to claim 1 wherein the metallocene compound has formula (VI):



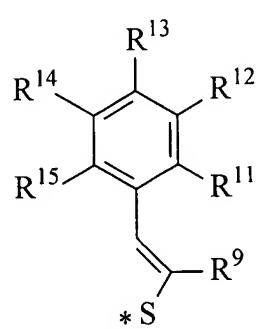
(VI)

wherein R¹⁰, equal to or different from each other, are hydrogen atoms, or linear or branched saturated or unsaturated C₁-C₁₉-alkyl, C₃-C₁₉-cycloalkyl, C₆-C₁₉-aryl, C₇-C₁₉-alkylaryl, C₇-C₁₉-arylalkyl radicals, optionally containing heteroatoms belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements;

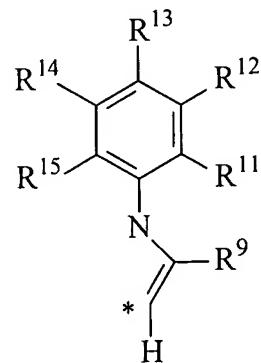
T⁵ and T⁶, equal to or different from each other are a moiety of formula (VIa), (VIb) or (VIc):



(VIa)



(VIb)



(VIc)

wherein the atom marked with the symbol * is bound to the atom marked with the same symbol in formula (VI);

R^{11} , R^{12} , R^{13} , R^{14} , and R^{15} , equal to or different from each other, are hydrogen atoms or linear or branched saturated or unsaturated C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl, C_3 - C_{20} -cycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{20} -aryl, C_7 - C_{20} -alkylaryl, C_7 - C_{20} -arylalkyl radicals, optionally containing heteroatoms belonging to groups 13-17 of the Periodic Table of the Elements, or two adjacent groups form together a saturated or unsaturated condensed 5 or 6 membered ring optionally containing heteroatoms belonging to groups 13-16 of the Periodic Table of the Elements.

- 7 (previously presented) The process according to claim 6 wherein R^6 and R^7 are hydrogen atoms or linear or branched saturated or unsaturated C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl radicals; or they form a saturated or unsaturated 5 or 6 membered ring optionally containing heteroatoms belonging to groups 13-16 of the Periodic Table of the Elements; R^9 is a hydrogen atom or a linear or branched saturated or unsaturated C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl radical; R^{11} is a C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl radical; R^{14} is a hydrogen atom or a C_1 - C_{20} -alkyl radical; and R^{12} , R^{13} and R^{15} are hydrogen atoms.
- 8 (previously presented) The process according to claim 1 wherein the alpha-olefin is selected from 1-pentene, 4-methyl-1-pentene, 1-hexene, 1-octene, 4,6-dimethyl-1-heptene, 1-decene, 1-dodecene, 1-tetradecene, 1-hexadecene, 1-octadecene and 1-eicosene.
- 9 (previously presented) The process according to claim 8 wherein the alpha-olefin is selected from 1-pentene, 1-hexene and 1-octene.
- 10 (previously presented) The process according to claim 1 wherein the content of the at least one alpha olefin derived units in the copolymer is from 2% to 20% by mol.

Claims 11-17 cancelled

18. (new) The process according to claim 8 wherein the alpha-olefin is selected from 4-methyl-1-pentene, 4,6-dimethyl-1-heptene, 1-decene, 1-tetradecene, 1-hexadecene, 1-octadecene and 1-eicosene.